

Function of phase-distortion for glottal model estimation

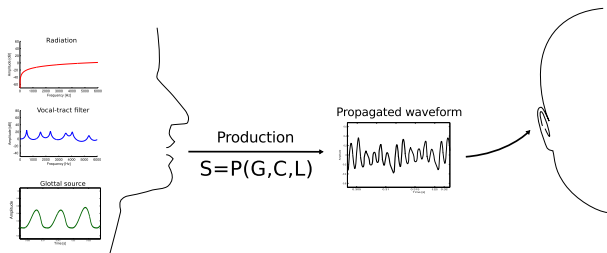
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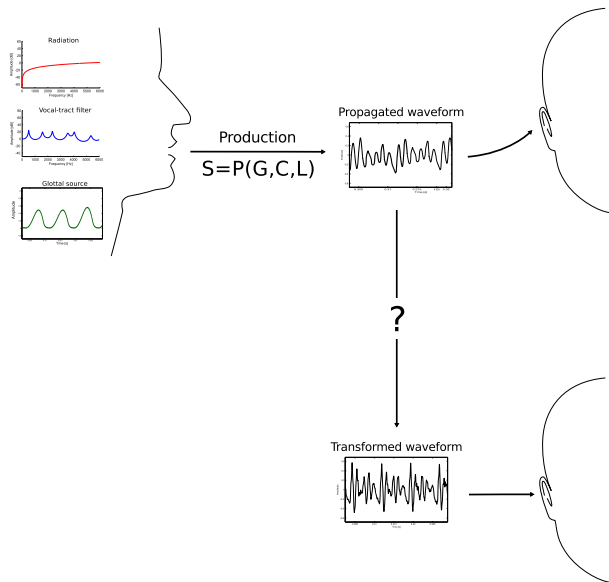
Introduction

Research context

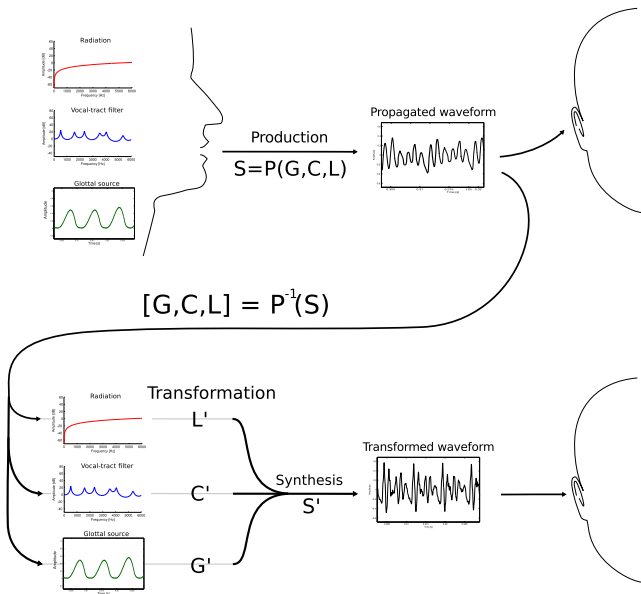
Voice production



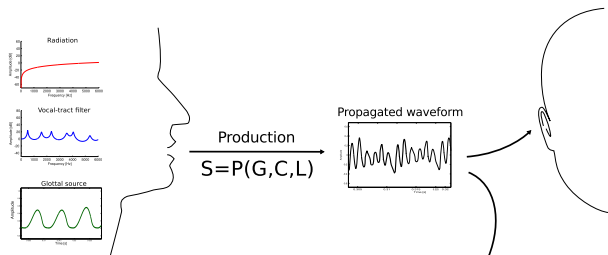
Voice transformation



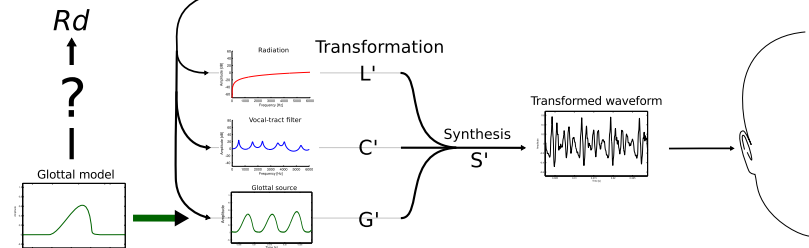
Voice separation



Glottal model estimation



$$[G,C,L] = P^{-1}(S)$$



e.g. Liljencrants-Fant
with shape parameter Rd

Model of the voice production

Voice production model

$$S(\omega) = \overbrace{H^{f_0}(\omega) \cdot e^{j\omega\phi} \cdot G^{Rd}(\omega)}^{\text{Glottal source}} \cdot \overbrace{C_-(\omega)}^{\text{Vocal-tract}} \cdot \overbrace{j\omega}^{\text{Radiation}}$$

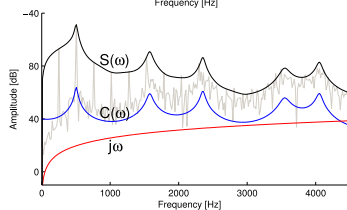
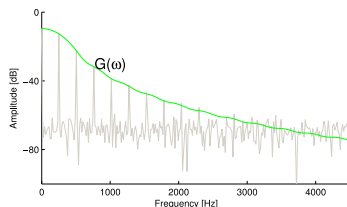
$G^{Rd}(\omega)$ Shape of the glottal model

$e^{j\omega\phi}$ Position of the glottal pulse

$H^{f_0}(\omega)$ Periodicity

$C_-(\omega)$ Vocal-tract filter
(minimum-phase)

$j\omega$ Radiation



Harmonic model

hyp: f_0 is known \Rightarrow **use a harmonic model**:

$$\begin{aligned} S(\omega_h) &= e^{j\omega_h\phi} \cdot G^{Rd}(\omega_h) \cdot C_-(\omega_h) \cdot j\omega_h \\ S_h &= e^{jh\phi} \cdot G_h^{Rd} \cdot C_{h-} \cdot jh \end{aligned}$$

Notation using indices!

proposed idea

Function of Phase Distortion (FPD)

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We propose the **Function of Phase Distortion (FPD)** of X_h :

$$\Phi_k(X_h) = \Delta^{-1} \Delta^2 \angle \left(\frac{X_h}{\mathcal{E}_-(X_h)} \right)$$

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 \Rightarrow e.g. remove the vocal-tract filter

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- Δ^2 Second order difference operator
⇒ remove any linear-phase component

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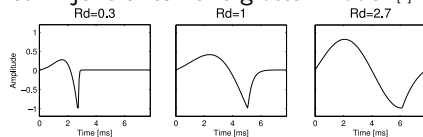
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- $\mathcal{E}_-(.)$ Minimum-phase realization
⇒ e.g. remove the vocal-tract filter
- Δ^2 Second order difference operator
⇒ remove any linear-phase component
- Δ^{-1} Anti-difference operator
⇒ obtain a similar representation to the group-delay

FPD - Exemple for the LF model parametrized by Rd

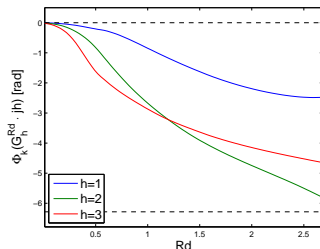
For the Transformed Liljencrants-Fant glottal model [1]



$$\Phi_k(G_h^{Rd} \cdot jh) = \Delta^{-1} \Delta^2 \angle \left(\frac{G_h^{Rd} \cdot jh}{\mathcal{E}_-(G_h^{Rd} \cdot jh)} \right)$$

- 1 Independent of the time position
- 2 Independent of the amplitude
- 3 Independent of the duration ($\frac{1}{f_0}$)
- 4 Independent of a minimum-phase component

⇒ Related to the pulse shape only



1 G. Fant. *The LF-model revisited. transformations and frequency domain analysis*, STL-QPSR, 36(2-3):119-156, 1995.

Application

Estimation of the R_d parameter

Criterion of phase minimization [1]

Convolutional residual:

$$R_h = \frac{S_h}{M_h^{(Rd,\phi)}}$$

$$M_h^{(Rd,\phi)} = S_h \Leftrightarrow R_h^{(Rd,\phi)} = 1 \quad \forall h$$

\Rightarrow

$$|R_h^{(Rd,\phi)}| = 1 \quad \text{et} \quad \angle R_h^{(Rd,\phi)} = 0 \quad \forall h$$

Idea

- Ensure a constant amplitude spectrum
- Minimize the phase spectrum

¹ R. Smits and B. Yegnanarayana, *Determination of Instants of Significant Excitation in Speech Using Group Delay Function*, IEEE Trans. Speech and Audio Processing, vol. 3, pp. 325–333, 1995.

FPD and phase minimization

Given the voice production model

$$M_h = e^{jh\phi} \cdot G_h^{Rd} \cdot C_{h-} \cdot jh$$

the Function of Phase Distortion

$$\Phi_k(X_h) = \Delta^{-1} \Delta^2 \angle \left(\frac{X_h}{\mathcal{E}_-(X_h)} \right)$$

can be applied to the convolutive residual

$$R_h^{Rd} = \frac{S_h}{M_h^{(Rd,\phi)}} = \frac{S_h}{e^{jh\phi} \cdot G_h^{Rd} \cdot \mathcal{E}_-(S_h/G_h^{Rd} \cdot jh) \cdot jh} = e^{-jh\phi} \frac{S_h/G_h^{Rd} \cdot jh}{\mathcal{E}_-(S_h/G_h^{Rd} \cdot jh)}$$

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We propose to minimize the error

$$\text{MSPD}^2(Rd, N) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N (\Phi_k(S_h/G_h^{Rd} \cdot jh))^2$$

MSPD²: Mean Squared Phase using the 2nd order phase Difference

FPD and phase minimization - Exemples of error functions

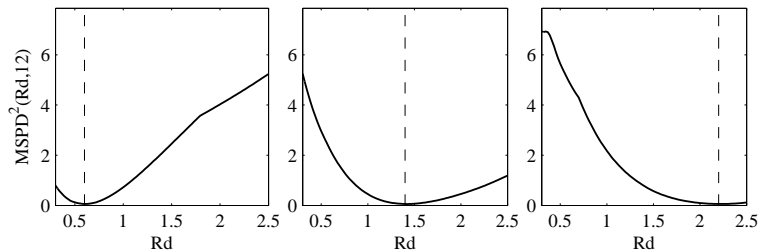


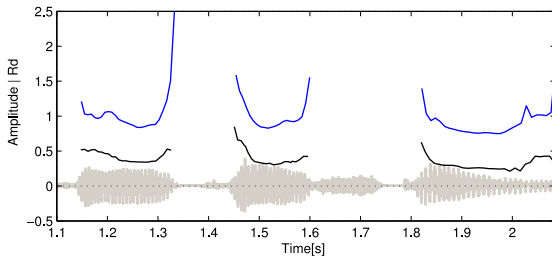
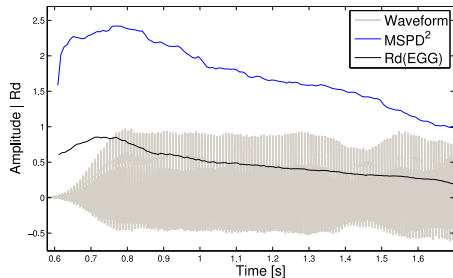
Figure: $MSPD^2(Rd, 12)$ for 3 synthetic signals with different Rd values

The global minimum reached by a Brent's method.

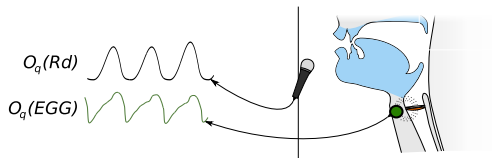
Evaluation

Comparison with Electroglottographic signals

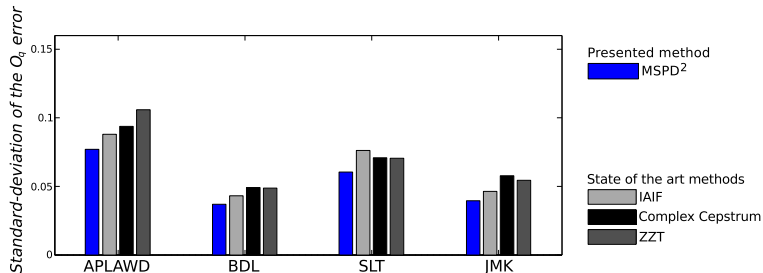
Estimation exemples



Evaluation



Comparison of $O_q(Rd)$ vs. $O_q(EGG)$



IAIF P. Alku, and H. Tiitinen and R. Naatanen, *A method for generating natural-sounding speech stimuli for cognitive brain research.*

CC T. Drugman, B. Bozkurt and T. Dutoit, *Complex Cepstrum-based Decomposition of Speech for Glottal Source Estimation.*

ZTT B. Bozkurt, B. Doval, C. d'Alessandro and T. Dutoit, *ZTT representation with application to source-filter separation in speech.*

Conclusions

- **Function of phase distortion** related to the pulse **shape** only.
- Can be used to estimate parameters of glottal models.

Σας ευχαριστώ για την προσοχή σας
Thank you for your attention
Merci pour votre attention